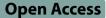
CORRECTION



Correction to: Assessment of the inclusion of vaccination as an intervention to reduce antimicrobial resistance in AMR national action plans: a global review



Lotte van Heuvel^{1*}, Saverio Caini¹, Michel L. A. Dückers^{1,2,3} and John Paget¹

Correction to: Globalization and Health (2022) 18:85 https://doi.org/10.1186/s12992-022-00878-6

Following publication of the original article [1], the authors identified errors in Table 4 and in the analysis provided in Additional File 2.

Concerning Table 4, some of the values provided in the third column had been aligned with the wrong WHO region. The alignment of the values has since been corrected in the published article.

Regarding Additional File 2, the logistic multi-level regression analyses results in this file were inconsistent with the results that are provided in Figure 3. This inconsistency was the result of an error in the statistical analyses performed by the authors, whereby the authors mistakenly presented the association between the income of countries and the likelihood of specific vaccines and vaccination objectives being included in AMR plans. Additional File 2 has since been corrected in the published article. Per the correction of Additional File 2, the following corrections have been made (see the corrections high-lighted in bold) in:

The 'Country comparison' subsection of the Results:

'We assessed the association between income and vaccination using multilevel logistic regression and found that an increase of income is accompanied by a **higher** probability of including specific vaccines in AMR plans (OR = 1.59; p = .11; 95% CI .90-2.81). We found a weaker association, non-significant as well, in the opposite direction between income and the probability of including vaccination objectives in action plans; here an increase in income is accompanied by a slightly **lower** probability (OR = .89; p = .61; 95% CI .57-1.39). The multilevel model shows that regional variation is larger when it comes to the inclusion of specific vaccines in national action plans compared to objectives on vaccination (see Supplementary File 2).'

Table 4 Vaccination (objectives and specific vaccines) included
in 77 AMR national action plans by WHO region

WHO region	Objective on vaccination	Specific vaccines
EMR	6 (38%)	5 (31%)
WPR	7 (47%)	2 (13%)
SEAR	4 (36%)	2 (18%)
RAM	3 (38%)	2 (25%)
EUR	6 (43%)	5 (36%)
AFR	7 (54%)	1 (8%)
Total	33	17

The online version of the original article can be found at https://doi. org/10.1186/s12992-022-00878-6 *Correspondence: Lotte van Heuvel I.vanheuvel@nivel.nl ¹Nivel, Netherlands Institute for Health Services Research, Otterstraat 118, Utrecht 3513 CR, The Netherlands

²ARQ National Psychotrauma Centre, Diemen, the Netherlands

³Faculty of Social and Behavioural Sciences, University of Groningen,

Groningen, the Netherlands



© The Author(s) 2023. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/. The Creative Commons Dedication waiver (http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.

The Results section of the Abstract:

'We found indications that vaccination objectives are more often included in AMR plans from **lower** income countries, while **higher** income countries more often include specific vaccines.'

The Discussion section:

'Similarly, our review found indications of a possible association between the income level and a focus on objectives on vaccination, with HICs **less** likely to include vaccination objectives in their action plans.'

The original article has since been updated to correct these errors. The authors thank you for reading this erratum and apologize for any inconvenience caused.

Supplementary Information

The online version contains supplementary material available at https://doi. org/10.1186/s12992-023-00951-8.

Additional File 2

Published online: 08 August 2023

Publisher's Note

Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.